# FOUSH CONFERENCE OF MICORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHARGE OF NAME



V.S. GALGALI )
REGISTR-R OF COMPANIES,
DELHI AND HARYANA.

#### THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

# (COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

#### MEMORANDUM OF ASSCOCIATION

OF

#### DCM FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

- I. The name of the company is DCM FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED
- II. The registered office of the company is situated in the Union Territory of Delhi.
- III. The object for which company is established are:-

# (A) THE MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:

- 1. To carry on the business of a leasing and hire purchase company and to provide on lease or on hire purchase basis all types of industrial and office plant, equipment, machinery, vehicles, buildings and real estate required for manufacturing, processing, transportation and trading businesses and for other commercial and services businesses,
- 2. To finance the industrial enterprises by way of lending and advancing money and to provide on lease, machinery, land, building, shed or such other things as may be required by such industrial enterprises either with or without security and upon such terms and conditions as the Company may think fit and to guarantee or become sureties for the performance of any agreement or contract entered onto by any industrial enterprises, with any financial institution, banks or other parties for obtaining finance whether for its long term capital, working capital or for any deferred payment finance.
- 3. To market, let out, hire lease or otherwise make available on different terms any of the machineries, domestic appliances, goods and merchandise and carry on the business of a finance and leasing company.
- 4, To carry on the business of merchant banking in all its aspects, to act as managers to Issues and offers, whether by the way of public or otherwise, of shares, stocks, debentures, bonds, units, participation certificates, deposit certificates, notes, bills, warrants, or any other Instruments, whether transferable or not transferable or negotiable, commercial or other papers or scrips (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Securities") to act as agents of and or dealers in the securities in the course of merchant banking business, to act as discount house for any securities, to act as financial consultants, advisors and councilors In Investment and capital markets, to underwrite, sub-underwrite or provide stand-by or procurement arrangements, to issue guarantees or to give any other commitments for subscribing or agreeing to sub scribe or procure or agree to procure subscription for the securities, to manage portfolio of investments, to provide financial and investment assistance for the purpose herein, to act as issue house, registrar to issue, transfer agents for the securities, to manage and administer, computer centers and clearing house for the securities, to form syndicate or consortia of managers, agents, and purchasers for any of the securities, to act as brokers, dealers, and/or in connection with securities, bullion, and precious metals, whether in domestic markets or international markets, and whether by way of loans, guarantees, export and yard credits; to undertake work of factorising of bills and other commercial paper, and to arrange and/or coordinate documentation and negotiation in this regard.
- 5. To act as Stock and Share Brokers/Sub Brokers and to take membership of Stock Exchange in India and abroad, to act and manage on behalf of individuals, firms, companies and other persons in relation to shares, stocks, bonds, securities, units, mutual funds debentures and other deposits to assist to control, to negotiate loans and underwriting to provide services for and as Merchant Bankers, Share Registrars.

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- 6. To manage, investment pools, syndicate in shares, stocks, securities, finance, promissory notes, hundies, coupons, commercial papers and other negotiable instruments and securities.
- 7. To constitute any trust with a view to the issue of preferred or deferred or any special stocks or securities based on or representing any shares, stocks or other assets specifically appropriate for the purpose of any such trust and to settle and regulate and if thought fit, to undertake and execute any such trust and lo issue, dispose of or hold any such preferred, deferred or other special securities. To transact the Investment or money, the pry chase and of business, property or under takings and the collection of money. To contract with leaseholders, borrowers, lenders, annuitants and others for the establishment, accumulation, provision and payments of sinking funds, redemption funds, endowment funds and any other special funds and that either in consideration of a lump sum or of an annual premium or otherwise and generally on such terms and conditions as may be arranged.
- 8. To land money and negotiate loans of every description and to transact business as promoters and financiers and monetary agents in India and elsewhere provided, that the Company shall not do any business within the meaning of Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- 9 To carry on the business of Credit Cards, Travel Cards, Hotel Cards, Charge Cards, and other special card schemes, facilitie to extend credit facilities and to undertake all activities related thereto and to carry on the business of issuing, accepting, exchanging, honouring, issuing or causing to issue, accept, exchange or honour Travellers Cheques, Gilt Vouchers and the like.
- 10. To act as dealers, brokers, agents of Foreign Exchange and their derivative instruments and to buy, sell, hold, transact Foreign Currency or their derivative instruments either on its own behalf or on behalf of any clients; subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Exchange Control Act or the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act or any other law or guidelines laid down by the Reserve bank of India or the government; and enter into any type of contracts with any broker, dealer or agents or individuals, partnership concerns or company or body corporate whether government or private, domestic or International as regards Foreign Currency, or their derivative instruments and to seek registration with the Reserve Bank of India as traders, brokers or dealers of foreign exchange and any other registration with any other agency or organisation whether government or private, domestic of international as deemed necessary and to advise or provide consultancy services to clients whether Individuals, firms, companies or bodies corporate whether government or private, domestic or international on management of foreign exchange, foreign exchange risk/exposure management and investment in foreign currency or their derivative instruments of any type whether long term or short lei m and to syndicate loans in foreign currency of any type and enter into of transactions in any such instruments which may be permitted by the RBI or the government to be dealt In from time to time.
- 11. To give advice or to offer, give, lake, circulate and/or otherwise organise, accept or implement any takeover bids, mergers, amalgamations, acquisitions, diversifications, rehabilitation or restructuring of any business, concern, undertaking, company, body corporate, partnership firm or any other association of persons, whether incorporated or not, by acquisition of shares, assets or liabilities, whether as a going concern or as part of a concern or otherwise as may be required having regard to business exigencies.
- 12. To carry on the business of providing comparative information about the characteristics, interests or other attributes of individuals, communities, organisations, counting or other social units, industries, businesses and of any articles, or commodities or economic trends or persons whatsoever, to design, invent, prepare, own, make use or, lease, sell, export or import or otherwise dispose off and, generally, to deal in computer software, data processing machines and programmes or any other software or programmes and to undertake jobwork related to development of computer software whether in India or abroad and generally engage in business of information technology and systems design.
- 13. To carry on the business of developers, innovators, buyer, seller, trade, deal in, import, export, purchase, assemble, stockists, distributors, agents, dealers, designers, manufactures, jobbers or otherwise deal in all types/kinds of computers and related equipments, computer software development, computer hardware, telecon and communications related products, radio systems whether wireless or wired and analogue or digital, data entries, software

implementation, system study, software documentation, convergence, Internet, internet related products, Internet equipment, electronic communications and related matters, computer systems, computer peripherals, integrated circuits, process control, printers, monitors, UPS, computer components, spare parts, computer based systems, computer aided designs, data processing machines, products or systems tele-communication systems and its related software and hardware, networking of local area, wider area, data communication hardware and software, electronic equipments, scanners, office automation, computer stationery/ furnitures, disketts, magnetic tapes and other computer/electronic related items.

- 14. To carry out the business as providers of multimedia solutions with convergence facility along with activity of animated films, advertising films and soft imaging solutions.
- 15. To promote, establish, encourage, develop, maintain, organise, undertake, manage, operate, conduct and run in India or abroad computer training centers, data processing centers, computer coaching centres, computer consultancy business, software development center, information technology related education center and/ or university, computer service and/or repair center, software processing center, software consultancy, electronic mail, E- commerce, E- business and Internet applications, websites & portal services designing and hosting & maintenance, cybercafe, medical transcription and other allied activities for all sorts and services relating to software, hardware, Internet and computers, its maintenance, repair, programmes and operations for industrial, commercial, domestic public utility, defence, Govt. and other general customers or section of society.
- 16. To carry on the business of software consultants, marketing agents, recruiting agents, software and information technology manpower recruiter, exporters and importers and to act as representative, distributor, agents for overseas corporations, individual, body corporate and any other organisation or entities who deal in software, hardware, information technology, communications and all other related fields.
- 17. To carry on biotech research and all its commercial applications.
- 18. To carry on the business in Infrastructure or its related activities.
- 19. To manufacture, design, develop, import, export, buy, sell, distribute, repair, convert, alter, assist and render consultancy services or otherwise deal in all peripherals, components, media, assemblies, stores, spares, parts such as printed circuit boards, integrated circuits and application specific integrated circuits, (ASIC) used in the manufacture of electric, electronic, electron-mechanical appliances, instruments, goods, data processing systems, process control instruments and every other type of electric, electronic, electronic mechanical instruments, appliances and goods.
- 20. To deal with sale and promotion of Bandwidth, Data Centre/ Data Warehouse.

# (B) MATTERS WHICH ARE NECESSARY FOR FURTHERANCE OF THE OBJECTS SPECIFIED IN CLAUSE III (A) ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. To purchase, otherwise acquire, own, import materials, substances, appliances, machines, containers and such other articles and apparatus and things capable of being used in any of the business and to own, lease and otherwise acquire and use facilities of whatever kind as may be conducive to the effective working of the main business of the Company.
- 2. To acquire, build, construct, alter, maintain, remove or replace and to work, manage and control any buildings, offices, factories, mills, shops, machinery and conveniences which may seem necessary to achieve the main object of the Company.
- 3. To buy, repair, alter, improve, exchange, let out on hire import all factories, work plants, machinery, tools, utensils, appliances, apparatus, products, materials, substances, articles and things capable of being used in any business which this Company is competent to carry on by the Company.

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- 4. To purchase, take on lease or tenancy or in exchange, hire, take options over or otherwise acquire any estate or interest whatsoever and to hold, develop work, concessions, grants decrees, licences, privileges, claims, options, leases, property, real or personal rights or powers of any kinds which may appear to be necessary for the main business of the Company.
- 5. To pay for preliminary and pre-incorporation expenses of the Company.
- 6. To exchange, mortgage, let on lease, royalty or tribute, grant licences, easements, options and other rights over and in other manner deal with or dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company for consideration as may be though fit and in particular for stocks, shares, debentures whether fully or partly paid-up or securities of any other Company having main objects whole or in part similar to those of the Company.
- 7. To pay for any rights or property acquired by the Company and to remunerate any person, firm or body corporate rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by allotment to him or them of shares or securities of the Company as paid up in full.
- 8. To lend and advance money, in connection with the main business either with or without security and give credit, to such persons (including Government) and upon such terms and conditions as the Company may think fit, provided that the Company shall not carry on banking business within the meaning of Banking Regulations Act, 1949.
- 9. To undertake financial and commercial obligations, transactions and operations of all kinds in connection with the main business of the Company.
- 10. To guarantee the performance of any contract or obligations and the payment of money or dividends and interest on any stock, shares or securities of any Company, corporation, firm or person in any case in which such guarantee may be considered directly or indirectly to furthering the main objects of the Company.
- 11. To guarantee the payment of money unsecured or secured or payable under or in respect of promissory notes, bonds, debentures, stocks, contracts, mortgages, or charges, obligations, instruments, securities of any Company or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or of any persons whether incorporated or not incorporated, and generally to guarantee or become sureties for the performance of nay contracts or obligations as may be necessary for the business of the Company.
- 12. To subscribe for, acquire, hold and sell shares, share stocks, debentures, debenture-stocks, bonds, mortgages, obligations, securities of any kind issued or guaranteed by any Company (body corporate undertaking) of whatever nature and howsoever constituted or carrying on the business and to subscribe for, acquire, hold and sell shares, debentures and debenture-stocks, and debenture-bonds, mortgages, obligations and other securities issued or guaranteed by any Government sovereign ruler, commissioner, trust, Municipal local or other Authority or body of whatever nature, whether in India or elsewhere as may be conducive to the business of the Company.
- 13. To invest in other than investment in Company's own shares any money of the Company not immediately required in any investments, movable or immovable as may be deemed

- proper and to hold, sell, invest in shares or stock in the Company as may be necessary for the business of the Company.
- 14. Subject to Section 73 & 74 and 179 of the Companies Act, 2013 or enactment thereof and the Regulation made thereunder and the directions issued by Reserve Bank of India, to receive money on deposit on loan and borrow or money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock (perpetual or otherwise) and to secure the payment of any money borrowed, raised or owing on the mortgage, charge or lien upon all or any of the property or assets of the Company (both present or future) including its uncalled capital and also by similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company, or any either such person or Company, or any obligation undertaken by the Company.
- 15. To draw, make, accept, endrose, discount, negotiate, execute and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, debentures, and such other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities of all types.
- 16. To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and protect, prolong and renew in any part of the world, any patents, and patent rights, brevets d'inventions trade marks, designs, licences, protections and concessions conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to their use other information as to any invention, process or privileges which may seem capable of being used or any of the objects business of the Company or the acquisitions of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly, to benefit the Company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licences or privileges in respect of the property, rights and information so acquired.
- 17. To spend money in experimenting upon and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any patents, rights inventions, discoveries, processes or information of the Company or which the Company may acquire or purpose to acquire.
- 18. To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise.
- 19. To acquire and takeover all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, firm or Company carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on or posses property suitable for the main business of the Company.
- 20. To procure the registration or recognition of the Company in or under the laws of any place outside India.
- 21. To form, incorporate or promote any Company or Companies whether in India or elsewhere having amongst its or their objects the acquisitions of all or any of the assets or controls management or development of the Company or any other objects which in the opinion of the Company could or might directly or indirectly assist the Company in the management of its main business or the development of its properties or otherwise prove advantageous to the Company and to pay all or any of the costs and expenses incurred in connections with any such promotion or incorporation and to remunerate any person or Company in any manner it shall think fit, for services rendered or to be rendered in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its main business or in or

- about the promotion of any other such Company in which the Company may have an interest.
- 22. Subject to the provisions of Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 or enactment thereof, to amalgamate or to enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union or interest, co-operation, joint venture or reciprocal rights with any person or persons or Company or Companies carrying on or engaged in the main business of the Company.
- 23. To enter into any arrangements and take all necessary or proper steps with Governments or with other authorities supreme, national, local, municipal or otherwise of any place in which the Company may have interests and to carry on any negotiations or operations for the purpose of directly or indirectly carrying out the main objects of the Company or effecting any modification in the constitution of the Company or for furthering the interests of the members and to oppose any such steps taken by any other Company, any firm or person which may be considered likely, directly or indirectly to prejudice the interest of the Company or its members and to assist in the promotion whether directly or indirectly of any legislation which may seem advantageous to the company and to obtain from any such Government authority and Company any charters, contracts, decrees, rights, grants, loans, privileges, or concessions which the Company may think fit desirable to obtain and carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions.
- 24. To adopt such means of making known the main business of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publications of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.
- 25. (a) To undertake and execute any trust, the undertaking of which may seem to the Company desirable and either gratuitously or otherwise and vest any real or personal property, rights or interests acquired by or belonging to the Company in any person or Company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
- (b) To accept gifts including by way of Awards/prizes from Government and semi Government bodies and to give gifts and donations to create trust for the welfare of employees, members, directors and/or their dependents, heirs and children for deserving objects for and such other persons; also to act as trustees.
- 26. To apply the assets of the Company in any way in or towards the establishment, maintenance or extension of any association, institution or fund in any way connected with any particular trade or business or with trade or commerce and particularly with the trade, including any association, institution or fund for the interest of masters, owners and employers against loss by bad debt, strike, combustion, fire, accident or otherwise or for the benefit of any employee, workman or others at any time employed by the Company or any of the predecessors in business or their families or dependants and whether or not in common with other persons or classes of persons and in particular of friendly, co-operative and other society, reading rooms, libraries, educational and charitable institutions, dining and recreation rooms, churches, chapels, schools, and hospitals and to grant gratuities,



- pensions and allowances and to contribute to any funds raised by public or local subscription for any purpose.
- 27. To aid pecuniarily or otherwise, any association, body or movement having for an object the solution, or settlement of industrial orb labour problems or troubles or the promotion of industry or trade.
- 28. To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public general or useful object or for any exhibition subject to the provisions of Section 182 of the Act or enactments thereof.
- 29. Subject to the provisions of the Gift Tax Act, 1956 or enactments thereof and the Statutory amendments, thereof, the Company has power to make and receive gifts either in cash or other such movable or immovable properties.
- 30. To establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefits of and give, procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company or are allied to or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary Company or who are or were at any time Directors or officers of the Company as aforesaid and the wives, widows, families and dependants of any such persons and also establish and subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interest and well-being of the Company or of any such other Company as aforesaid and make payments to or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid and do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other Company as aforesaid.
- 31. To distribute among the members in specie or otherwise any property of the Company, or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the Company, or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the Company, in the event of its winding up but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made except with the sanction (if any) for the time being required by the Companies Act, 2013.
- 32. To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive for the attainment of the main object or any of them.
- IV. The liability of the members is limited.

Clause(V) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs65,00,00,000/-(Rupees Sixty Five Crores only) divided into 6,50,00,000 (Six crore fifty lacs shares of Rs 10/- each(Rupees Ten) each.

For DOM FINANCIAL SERVICES LTD.

# (THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013)

# (COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES) ARTICLE OF ASSOCIATION

OF

#### DCM FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

## Interpretation

- **I.** (1) In these regulations—
  - (a) "the Act" means the Companies Act, 2013,
  - (b) "the seal" means the common seal of the Company.
- (2) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.

# Share Capital and Variation of Rights

- II. 1. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.
- 2. (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within fifteen days after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided:
  - a) one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
  - b) several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.
- (ii) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.
- (iii) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

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- 3. (i) If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate.
- (ii) The provisions of Articles (2) and (3) shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the company.
- 4. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognized by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
- 5 (i) The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by subsection (6) of section 40, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rule made thereunder.
- (ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.
- (iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
- 6. (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
- (ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating general meetings shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
- 7. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the

shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further share ranking *pari passu* therewith.

8. Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

#### Lien

- 9. (i) The company shall have a first and paramount lien—
- (a) on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
- (b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company:

Provided that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

- (ii) The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividend bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.
- 10. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
- (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
- 11. (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
- (ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
- (iii) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

- 12. (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
- (ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

#### Calls on shares

13. (i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.

- (ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.
  - (iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.
- 14. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.
- 15. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
- **16.** (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
- (ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.
- 17. (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.

(ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

#### 18. The Board—

- (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
- (b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve per cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.

# Transfer of Shares

- 19. (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
- (ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
- 20. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by Section 58 decline to register—
- (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
  - (b) any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.
- 21. The Board may decline to recognize any instrument of transfer unless—
- (a) the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under subsection (1) of section 56;
- (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
  - (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.
- 22. On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

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#### Transmission of Shares

- 23. (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a shareholder, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
- (ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
- **24.** (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—
  - (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
- (b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
- (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.
- 25. (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
- (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
- (iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
- 26. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have complied with.

# 27. In case of a One Person Company—

- (i) on the death of the sole member, the person nominated by such member shall be the person recognized by the company as having title to all the shares of the member;
- (ii) the nominee on becoming entitled to such shares in case of the member's death shall be informed of such event by the Board of the company;
- (iii) such nominee shall be entitled to the same dividends and other rights and liabilities to which such sole member of the company was entitled or liable;
- (*iv*) on becoming member, such nominee shall nominate any other person with the prior written consent of such person who, shall in the event of the death of the member, become the member of the company.

# Forfeiture of Shares

28. If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

#### 29. The notice aforesaid shall—

- (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
- (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.
- 30. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.
- **31.** (*i*) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
- (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

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- 32. (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
- (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.
- 33 (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;
- (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
  - (iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
- (iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
- 34. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

#### Alteration of Capital

- 35. The Company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
- **36.** Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,—
- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (b) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
- (c) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
- (d) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

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- 37. Where shares are converted into stock,—
- (a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:

Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

- (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- (c) such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively.
- **38.** The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law,—
  - (a) its share capital;
  - (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
  - (c) any share premium account.

## Capitalisation of Profits

- **39.** (i) The Company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—
- (a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
- (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.

- (ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (iii), either in or towards—
- (A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
- (B) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
- (C) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);
- (D) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;
- (E) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.
- **40.** (i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—
- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and
  - (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
  - (ii) The Board shall have power—
- (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fraction; and
- (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;
- (iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

#### Buy-back of Shares

**41**. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

# General Meetings

- **42.** All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
- **43.** (i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
- (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

# Proceedings at General Meetings

- **44.** (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.
- **45.** The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.
- 46. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 47. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- **48.** In case of a One Person Company—
- (i) the resolution required to be passed at the general meetings of the company shall be deemed to have been passed if the resolution is agreed upon by the sole member and communicated to the company and entered in the minutes book maintained under section 118;

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- (ii) such minutes book shall be signed and dated by the member;
- (iii) the resolution shall become effective from the date of signing such minutes by the sole member.

# Adjournment of Meeting

- **49.** (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- (iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

# Voting Rights

- **50.** Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares,—
  - (a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and
- (b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.
- **51.** A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.
- 52. (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- (ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
- 53. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

- 54. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.
- 55. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
- **56.** (*i*) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
- (ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive

#### Proxy

- 57. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- **58.** An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.
- 59. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

## **Board of Directors**

- 60. (i) Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of directors shall not be less than 3 (three) and shall not be more than 15 (fifteen).
  - (ii) The person hereinafter named shall be the first directors of the Company-
    - 1. Vijay Kumar Jhalani
    - 2. Mrs.Neeta Johnson
    - 3. Om Prakash Gupta
    - 4. Dhruv Prakash

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- 61. (i) The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.
- (ii) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them—
- (a) in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the company; or
  - (b) in connection with the business of the company.
- 62. The Board may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the company.
- 63. The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that (section) make and vary such regulations as it may thinks fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- **64.** All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, *hundis*, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- 65. Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.
- **66.** (i) Subject to the provisions of section 149, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.
- (ii) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the company but shall be eligible for appointment by the company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.

#### 66A. BORROWING POWERS OF THE BOARD

i. The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board and the Board may exercise all such powers and to do all such acts and things, as the Company is by the memorandum of association or otherwise authorized to exercise and do, and, not hereby or by the statue or otherwise directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and other laws and of the memorandum of association and these Articles and to any regulations, not being inconsistent with the memorandum of association and these

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Articles or the Act, from time to time made by the Company in general meeting provided that no such regulation shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

- ii. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and Section 179 & 180 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made therunder or any statutory modifications thereof for the time being in force, the Board of Directors may from time to time at its discretion, by a resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board raise or borrow or secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company; provided, however, where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed (apart from temporary loans obtained from the company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the company and its free reserves (not being reserves set apart for any specific purpose), the Board of Directors shall not borrow such moneys without the consent of the Company by a special resolution in General Meeting.
- iii. The Board of Directors shall have necessary authority and power to borrow money from any banks, institutions, or other body corporate or from individuals for the businesses of the company and to meet capital expenditure and shall have necessary authority to create securities in favour of the lenders, including but not limited to creation of mortgage on the immovable properties of the company either by deposit of title deeds or by any other means, as may be prescribed by such institution(s)/bank(s) from time to time.
- iv. The Board of Directors are also authorized to offer as securities any movable or immovable properties owned or possessed by the company including creation of equitable or other types of mortgages on the immovable properties owned or possessed by the company or on any lease hold rights for any loan or other facility that may availed by any other body corporate, association or individuals on such terms and conditions as may be decided by the Board from time to time.
- v. The Board shall maintain a register in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act of all Mortgagers and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company.
- vi. If the Directors or any other person shall become personally liable for the payment of the sum primarily due from the Company, the Directors may subject to the Provisions of the Act, execute or cause to be executed by mortgage charges or security over or effecting whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

# Proceedings of the Board

67. (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.

- (ii) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
- **68.** (i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- (ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.
- 69. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
- 70. (i) The Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
- (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 71. (i) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.
- (ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.
- **72.** (i) A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings.
- (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 73. (i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
- (ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.
- 74. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.



75. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.

# Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer

- 76. Subject to the provisions of the Act,—
- (i) A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may thinks fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
- (ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.
- 77. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

#### The Seal

- 78. (i) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.
- (ii) The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least two directors and of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and those two directors and the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.

#### Dividends and Reserve

- 79. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
- 80. Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.
- 81. (i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the

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discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.

- (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.
- 82. (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
- (ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
- (iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
- 83. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.
- 84. (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares maybe paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
- (ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
- 85. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.
- 86. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.
- **87.** No dividend shall bear interest against the company.

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#### Accounts

- 88. (i) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.
- (ii) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

# Winding up

- 89. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—
- (i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
- (ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
- (iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

#### Indemnity

90. Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favor or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

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